

The ChEMU evaluation campaign: Named entity recognition and event extraction of chemical reactions from patents

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- Task 1: Named entity recognition
 - To identify specific types of chemical compounds
 - To assign the label of a chemical compound according to the role for which the chemical compound plays within a chemical reaction, such as Starting_material and Solvent
- Task 2: Event extraction over chemical reactions
 - This task involves event trigger detection, event typing and primary argument recognition

10.0 g (35.0 mmol) of **2-tert-butyl 4-ethyl 5-amino-3-methylthiophene-2,4-dicarboxylate** (Example 1A) were <u>dissolved</u> in 500 ml of **dichloromethane** and 11.4 g (70.1 mmol) of **N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole** (CDI) and 19.6 ml (140 mmol) of **triethylamine** were <u>added</u>

| ID | Туре | Text span | ID | Event | Event | Argument | Argument | Argument |
|----|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Τ1 | Starting_material | 2-tert-butyl 4-ethyl 5-amino-3- methylthiophene-2,4-dicarboxylate | E1 | type Reaction | trigger T5 | _1 Theme:T1 | _2 Theme:T2 | _3 |
| Т2 | Solvent | dichloromethane | | _step | | | | |
| тз | Starting_material | N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole | E2 | Reaction | Т6 | Theme:E1 | Theme:T3 | Theme:T4 |
| Т4 | Reagent | triethylamine | | _step | | | | |
| Т5 | Trigger | dissolved | Task 1 – NER – in Red Task 2 – Event extraction – in Purple | | | | | |
| Т6 | Trigger | added | | | | | | |

- Motivation:
 - The chemical and pharmaceutial industries depend on the discovery of new chemical compounds
 - Most chemical compounds are described only in patent documents
 - Automatic natural language processing approaches enable information extraction from the chemical patents and support discovery and synthesis of chemical information
- Goals:
 - To develop tasks that potentially impact chemical research in both academia and industry
 - To provide the community with a new dataset of chemical entities, enriched with relation links between chemical event triggers and arguments
 - To advance the state-of-the-art in information extraction over chemical patents

- Why is this campaign needed?
 - There is previously only one shared task on this chemical patent domain, which is the CHEMDNER patents task at the BioCreative V workshop
 - Information extraction approaches developed for the scientific literature domain might not be directly applied to the chemical patent domain: *Patents are written in a very different way as compared to scientific literature*
- These tasks represent a new challenge for IE systems, in an area of significant pharmacological importance
- The campaign will focus attention on more complex analysis of chemical patents, provide strong baselines, and serve as a useful resource for future research